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Attorneys for Plaintiff MICHELLE T. WAHL
on behalf of herself and all others similarly
situated

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN JOSE DIVISION

MICHELE T. WAHL, on behalf of herself and
all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

AMERICAN SECURITY INSURANCE
COMPANY; and DOES 1-50, inclusive,

Defendant.

Case No. C08-00555-RS

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

1 **1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS**

2 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of
3 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure
4 and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would be warranted.
5 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated
6 Protective Order ("Order"). The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket
7 protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords extends
8 only to the limited information or items that are entitled under the applicable legal principles to
9 treatment as confidential. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 10, below, that
10 this Order creates no entitlement to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5
11 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and reflects the standards that will be applied when
12 a party seeks permission from the Court to file material under seal.

13 **2. DEFINITIONS**

14 2.1 Party: any party to this action, including all of the party's officers, directors,
15 employees, consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their support staff).

16 2.2 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the medium
17 or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony, transcripts,
18 or tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this
19 matter.

20 2.3 "Confidential" Information or Items: information (regardless of how generated,
21 stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under standards developed under
22 Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c).

23 2.4 "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" Information or Items: extremely
24 sensitive "Confidential Information or Items" whose disclosure to another Party or non-party would
25 create a substantial risk of serious injury that could not be avoided by less restrictive means.

26 2.5 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a
27 Producing Party.

28 2.6 Producing Party: a Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or Discovery

1 Material in this action.

2 2.7 Designating Party: a Party or non-party that designates information or items that it
3 produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential –
4 Attorneys' Eyes Only."

5 2.8 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as
6 "Confidential" or as "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only."

7 2.9. Outside Counsel: attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who are retained to
8 represent or advise a Party in this action.

9 2.10 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a Party.

10 2.11 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel and House Counsel (as well as their
11 support staffs).

12 2.12 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to
13 the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its Counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a
14 consultant in this action and who is not a past or a current employee of a Party and who, at the time
15 of retention, is not anticipated to become an employee of a Party. This definition includes a
16 professional jury or trial consultant retained in connection with this litigation.

17 2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services
18 (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations; organizing,
19 storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and subcontractors.

20 3. SCOPE

21 The protections conferred by this Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined
22 above), but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies, excerpts,
23 summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or presentations by parties or
24 counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected Material.

25 4. DURATION

26 Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this
27 Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order
28 otherwise directs.

1 **5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL**

2 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or
3 non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to
4 limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. A
5 Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of material,
6 documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify, so that other portions of the
7 material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept
8 unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

9 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are
10 shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to
11 unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process, or to impose unnecessary expenses
12 and burdens on other parties), expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

13 If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that it designated
14 for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for the level of protection
15 initially asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly notify all other parties that it is
16 withdrawing the mistaken designation.

17 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order
18 (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a), below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, material
19 that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is
20 disclosed or produced.

21 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

22 (a) for information in documentary form (apart from transcripts of depositions or
23 other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or
24 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" on each page that contains
25 protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection,
26 the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate
27 markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection being asserted
28 (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY").

1 A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for
2 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated
3 which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the
4 designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "HIGHLY
5 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the inspecting Party has identified the
6 documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or
7 portions thereof qualify for protection under this Order, then, before producing the specified
8 documents, the Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend ("CONFIDENTIAL" or
9 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY") on each page that contains
10 Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection,
11 the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate
12 markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection being asserted
13 (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY").

14 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the
15 Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record, before the close of
16 the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony, and further specify any
17 portions of the testimony that qualify as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES
18 ONLY." When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is entitled to
19 protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify for
20 protection, the Party or non-party that sponsors, offers, or gives the testimony may invoke on the
21 record (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to 30 days to identify
22 the specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought and to specify the level of
23 protection being asserted ("CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS'
24 EYES ONLY"). Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately designated for
25 protection within the 30 days shall be covered by the provisions of this Order.

26 Transcript pages containing Protected Material must be separately bound by the
27 court reporter, who must affix to the top of each such page the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or
28 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," as instructed by the Party or non-

1 party offering or sponsoring the witness or presenting the testimony.

2 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary, and for any
3 other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the
4 container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or
5 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." If only portions of the information
6 or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the
7 protected portions, specifying whether they qualify as "Confidential" or as "Highly Confidential –
8 Attorneys' Eyes Only."

9 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
10 designate qualified information or items as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential – Attorneys'
11 Eyes Only" does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure protection under
12 this Order for such material. If material is appropriately designated as "Confidential" or "Highly
13 Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" after the material was initially produced, the Receiving Party,
14 on timely notification of the designation, must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is
15 treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

16 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

17 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's
18 confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary
19 economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive
20 its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly
21 after the original designation is disclosed.

22 6.2 Meet and Confer. A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating Party's
23 confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by conferring
24 directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient) with counsel
25 for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief
26 that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an
27 opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in
28 designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A challenging Party may

1 proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer
2 process first.

3 6.3 Judicial Intervention. A Party that elects to press a challenge to a confidentiality
4 designation after considering the justification offered by the Designating Party may file and serve a
5 motion under Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) that
6 identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the challenge. Each such
7 motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration that affirms that the movant has complied
8 with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph and that sets forth with
9 specificity the justification for the confidentiality designation that was given by the Designating
10 Party in the meet and confer dialogue.

11 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating
12 Party. Until the court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue to afford the material in
13 question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation.

14 **7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

15 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or
16 produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,
17 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to
18 the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has
19 been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 11, below (FINAL
20 DISPOSITION).

21 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a
22 secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

23 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered
24 by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any
25 information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

26 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as
27 employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this
28 litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached

1 hereto as Exhibit A;

2 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the
3 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed
4 the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

5 (c) experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is
6 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement
7 to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

8 (d) the Court and its personnel;

9 (e) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom disclosure is
10 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement
11 to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

12 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably
13 necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A).
14 Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material
15 must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as
16 permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order; and

17 (g) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

18 7.3 Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"
19 Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the
20 Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "HIGHLY
21 CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only to:

22 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as
23 employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this
24 litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached
25 hereto as Exhibit A;

26 (b) House Counsel of a Receiving Party (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably
27 necessary for this litigation, and (2) who has signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
28 Bound" (Exhibit A);

(c) Experts (as defined in this Order) (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and (2) who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

(d) the Court and its personnel;

(e) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A); and

(f) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation that would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," the Receiving Party must so notify the Designating Party, in writing (by fax, if possible) immediately and in no event more than three court days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the Party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Order. In addition, the Receiving Party must deliver a copy of this Order promptly to the Party in the other action that caused the subpoena or order to issue.

The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the existence of this Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued. The Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material, and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

9. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected

1 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order,
2 the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the
3 unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material, (c)
4 inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this
5 Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to
6 Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

7 **10. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL**

8 Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after
9 appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action
10 any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply
11 with Civil Local Rule 79-5.

12 **11. FINAL DISPOSITION**

13 Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within sixty days
14 after the final termination of this action, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to
15 the Producing Party. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies,
16 abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any of the
17 Protected Material. With permission in writing from the Designating Party, the Receiving Party
18 may destroy some or all of the Protected Material instead of returning it. Whether the Protected
19 Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the
20 Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the sixty day
21 deadline that identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned
22 or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts,
23 compilations, summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material.
24 Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings,
25 motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney work product, even if
26 such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute
27 Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION),
28 above.

12. MISCELLANEOUS

12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek modification of this Order by the Court in the future.

12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

Dated: April 24, 2008

HELLER EHRMAN LLP

By: /s/ Peter S. Hecker

PETER S. HECKER

Attorneys for Defendant

AMERICAN SECURITY INSURANCE
COMPANY

SPECTER SPECTER EVANS & MANOGUE, P.C.

Dated: April 24, 2008

By: /s/ Joseph N. Kravec, Jr.

JOSEPH N. KRAVEC, JR.

Attorneys for Plaintiff

MICHELLE WAHL

PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED

Dated: _____

Richard Seeborg

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of

_____ [print or type full address], declare
under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective
Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Northern District of California on
_____ in the case of *Wahl v. American Security Insurance Company*, Case No. C08-00555-
RS. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and
I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and
punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner
any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity
except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the
Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective
Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of

_____ [print or type full address and
telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or
any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: _____

City and State where signed: _____

Signature: _____

Printed Name: _____

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